YEAR 7 ENGLISH AT TDA





WHAT IS YOUR CURRICULUM TRYING TO ACHIEVE?

- Students are ultimately learning the exact skills that they will need to tackle their GCSE exams in 2023.

- Therefore, unlike some schools that have their own KS3 curriculum and assessments, students at TDA are assessed in English by the same standards as a student in year 11. Our KS3 curriculum in turn, aims to try and prepare students to tackle the assessments in exactly the same way as they do in their GCSE exams.

-We believe that the success of this idea is evidenced by our strong results at GCSE this year: with 70% of students achieving a 4 or above in language and 72% of students achieving a 4 or above in Literature.

- However, our curriculum also tries to balance this GCSE-centric focus with lessons that will engage the students and allow them to develop an appreciation of English Literature and Language.

YEAR 7 WHAT WILL MY CHILD BE LEARNING?

<u>Terms 1 and 2 (September</u> <u>until Christmas)</u>

The students are studying A Christmas Carol: analysing the language, structure, context and meaning behind Dickens' novella.

Alongside this, they are analysing 19th century non fiction texts, that will be linked into their understanding of the story.

This aims to *interleave* or link the skills that they will need in both English Literature and Language.

<u>Terms 3 and 4 (January until</u> <u>April)</u>

The students explore the theme of writing creatively about growing up. Literacy based unit on developing their own writing.

Exploring short stories about growing up.

Poetry: Linking stories and poems.

An analysis of the presentation of childhood in a chosen poem.

Poetry unit on a particular theme Growing up/ childhood. The Poetry includes a mixture of time periods with different forms of poetry.

Over the two terms: 'Book Club', reading *Skellig* a book as a class together. Book Club Sessions Once a week, with home reading informing lessons. Terms 5 and 6 (April until July)

Introduction to Shakespeare with extracts from Romeo and Juliet. Assessing the basics such as characterisation, plot, setting. Learning quotations will be a key skill.

This is to be interlinked with teaching Language writing skills: Students to become reporters for Verona newspaper/PR speakers for Capulet/Montagues.

MY CHILD HAS SMART ENGLISH — WHAT IS THIS?

Smart English, is a corrective reading programme that is typically taught to students whose reading is characterised by:

- misidentified words
- confusion of similar words
- word omissions or insertions
- lack of attention to punctuation
- Struggling comprehension.

Smart English has a high success rate, constant teacher feedback, and built-in opportunities to earn reinforcement throughout each lesson, even students who struggle remain motivated and on task.

Lesson Lesson 9 9 Write 1, 2, or 3 in front of each sentence to show when these things happened in the story. Then write the sentences in the blanks. Write 1, 2, or 3 in front of each sentence to show when these things happened in the story. Then write the sentences in the blanks. . The catcher tossed the hall to Art, and Art dropped it. 2. The catcher tossed the ball to Art, and Art dropped it. The coach for the Tigers asked Art to pitch the first inning of the game. 3 The coach for the Tigers asked Art to pitch the first inning of the game. Art pitched to some big league players before the game. Art pitched to some hig league players before the game. to some by league 1. Are proched to some big league dolyters before the the game. ogen for the Daces dame. Art coloner wased ball to the 2. The Farches tossed Art does dirapped the ball to and and Ar took couch for the to TO Tigers X. 3. The of the opme, pitch Write the answers to these questions: 1. A player told Art to throw fast balls. What did he think the batters would do to Art's Write the answers to these questions: fast balls? 1. A player told Art to throw fast balls. What did he think the batters would do to Art's 2 this them into the left Stands V fast balls? Hit stands into the them. 2. How far did James Hunt hit the ball the chicking hit the health 2. How far did James Hunt hit the ball? He didn't even to hit the ball ." 3. When Art started to pitch the first inning of the game, he became afraid. What did 3. When Art started to pitch the first inning of the game, he became afraid. What did he start to think about? the was thinking (neg ativ) things. he start to think about? 11 . Don't throw hight The words in the first column have endings. Write the same words without endings in the Dall 00 The words in the first column have endings. Write the same words without endings in the second column. Mind your .. 3 tice second column. tired TIPE tired whipped Tire, Tire, Tire, Jan ------Whip whipped iailer Tire, Tire negative x6 negative Tail Shake jailer shaking negative nagative Shalle shaking win winner negative neagani Win winner n egoctive Lesson 9 owight & STAMAGraw-Hill, All highly reserved. Lesson 9

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Language and Linguistics

What is it?

A course in academic literacy designed to complement and build on the English and Smart English curriculum.

Who is it for?	
	Students in Y7, who are in Support, Booster or lower Secondary Ready
	(SR1) cohorts.

Why are we doing it?	
	We need to close further the academic language and literacy gaps
	for our 50% + EAL, our disadvantaged learners and those who
	struggle to get ready in KS3 to access and produce GCSE standard
	academic language and texts.

It's 3 lessons per week

Covers subject content from:

History, Geography, RE, Science, Computer Science and PE.

Language and Linguistics

IMPORTANT POINTS

The key aspects to develop are:

- Listening skills: listening with a clear purpose and focus
- Reading skills: accessing, navigating, summarising, accurate extraction of detailed meaning
- Writing skills: spelling, punctuation, grammar, drafting, proof-reading, structuring
- Vocabulary development: word families, learning techniques
- Spelling knowledge: patterns, prefixes and suffixes, learning techniques
- Routines: consolidation, revision and learning

WHAT CAN I DO TO HELP ENSURE MY CHILD SUCCEEDS IN ENGLISH?

- Encourage them to read. Numerous educational studies into performance in English show that there are strong links between those children who read regularly perform better than those that do not.

- Alongside this general encouragement, try to point them in the direction of texts that they may not automatically be drawn to. This includes a mix of Fiction and non-Fiction. If we're being particularly ambitious, please direct them to read a small amount of 19th Century texts – to develop familiarity with these sorts of texts.

- The following websites can also be useful tools for children to learn from outside of school:

<u>http://www.bbc.co.uk/skillswise/english</u>

http://www.bbc.co.uk/education/subjects/z3kw2hv

http://www.grammar-monster.com/

- Finally, a commitment to homework. The pupils will be set one piece of English homework a week. Students that have an embedded homework routine are more likely to succeed and build and embed what they have learned in the classroom.

KS3 SUGGESTED READS

Jonathan Stroud - Amulet of Samarkend

Sue Townsend - Secret Diary of Adrian Mole

Louis Sachar - The Boy who Lost his Face

Catherine Forde - Fat Boy Swim

Theresa Breslin - Divided City

David McRoberts - Fergus MacPhail: the Boy, the Legend

Darren Shan - Demonata series

J RR Tolkien – The Lord of the Rings Trilogy

Michael Morpurgo – Private Peaceful

Anthony Horowitz - Stormbreaker

Meg Cabot - All American Girl

Dodie Smith - I Capture the Castle

Meera Syal - Anita and Me

Jacqueline Wilson - Tracy Beaker series

Louise Rennison - Confessions of Georgia Nicolson series

Louise Rennison - The Misadventures of Tallulah Casey series

Judy Blume - Are You there God, it's Me, Margaret

Stephanie Mayer – Twilight Saga

Cassandra Clare – The Mortal Instruments

KS3 SUGGESTED READS

BOYS, GIRLS & ADULTS!

CLASSICS

J K Rowling - Harry Potter series

Rick Riordan - Percy Jackson series

Philip Pullman **His Dark Materials (Northern** Lights; The Subtle Knife; The Amber Spyglass)

Chris Paolini - Eragon & Eldest

Terry Pratchett - The Carpet People; The Amazing Maurice and his Educated Rodents

Neil Gaiman - The Graveyard Book

Lemony Snicket - A Series of Unfortunate Events

Jeff Kinney – Diary Of A Wimpy Kid series

The Boy in the Striped Pyjamas – John Boyne

Lucy Maud Montgomery – Anne of Green Gables series

Noel Streatfield - Ballet Shoes

Lewis Carroll - Alice in Wonder Land

Frank L Baum - The Wonderful Wizard of OZ

Louisa M Alcott - Little Women

C S Lewis - The Lion, the Witch and the Wardrobe-

Anne Frank - The Diary of a Young Girl

Charles Dickens - Oliver Twist

R.L. Stevenson - Treasure Island

J. Vance Marshall - Walkabout Jules Verne - Journey to the Centre of the Earth HG Wells - The Time Machine